

1. **C** This is what the coefficient of determination ( $R^2$ ) measures

2. **C**  $\#10 \left(\frac{4}{52}\right) - \#1 \left(\frac{48}{52}\right) = -\#.15$

3. **E**  $\frac{72}{1190} \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{\left(\frac{702}{1190}\right)\left(1 - \frac{702}{1190}\right)}{1190}}$   
 $.59 \pm .0279$

4. **B** Def. of stratified random sample

5. **C**  $ME = z^* \cdot \sigma_{\bar{x}}$   
 $z^*$  for 99% CI = 2.576  
 95% CI = 1.96

6. **B**  $std. dev = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} = 0$   
 means  $\sum (x - \bar{x})^2 = 0$  and this only happens when all observations are same value.

7. **E**  $\frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{814}{22} = 37$

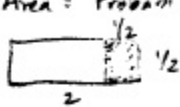
8. **B**  $\frac{96}{96 + 32 + 94} = .43$   
 Boys  
 Personal Goals

9. **D** Expected =  $\begin{bmatrix} 144.19 & 246.81 \\ 28.39 & 48.6 \\ 49.42 & 84.0 \end{bmatrix}$   
 $\chi^2 = \sum \frac{(obs - exp)^2}{exp} = 89.966$

10. **B**  $\sigma_{\hat{p}} = \sqrt{\frac{.75(.25)}{80}} = .0484$

11. **C**  $(.64 - .8) \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{.64(.36)}{100} + \frac{(.2)(.8)}{100}}$   
 $-.16 \pm 0.122$

12. **D** Power =  $1 - \beta$ ;  $\alpha$  &  $\beta$  are inversely proportional

13. **B** Area = Probability =  $\frac{1}{4}$   


14. **B** Residual =  $y - \hat{y} = \text{Obs.} - \text{Predicted}$

15. **B**  $P(\text{less than 2 heads}) = P(0) + P(1)$   
 $= \binom{6}{0} (.5)^0 (.5)^6 + \binom{6}{1} (.5)^1 (.5)^5$   
 $= .109$

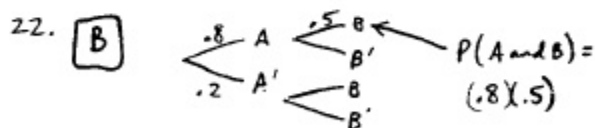
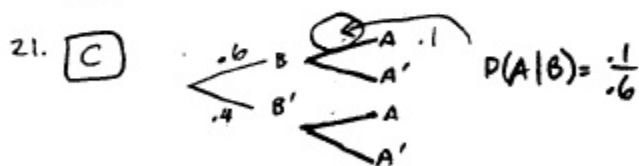
16. **A**  $b_1 = r \frac{s_x}{s_y} = .9 \left(\frac{1.2}{3.6}\right) = .3$

17. **A**  $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$  if A & B are independent

18. **B**  $P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B)$  if A & B are disjoint

19. **E**  $\sum x \cdot P(x) = 3$

20. **A**  $\sqrt{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2 \cdot P(x)} = 1.4$




23. **A**  $\binom{20}{0} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^0 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{20} = .0032$

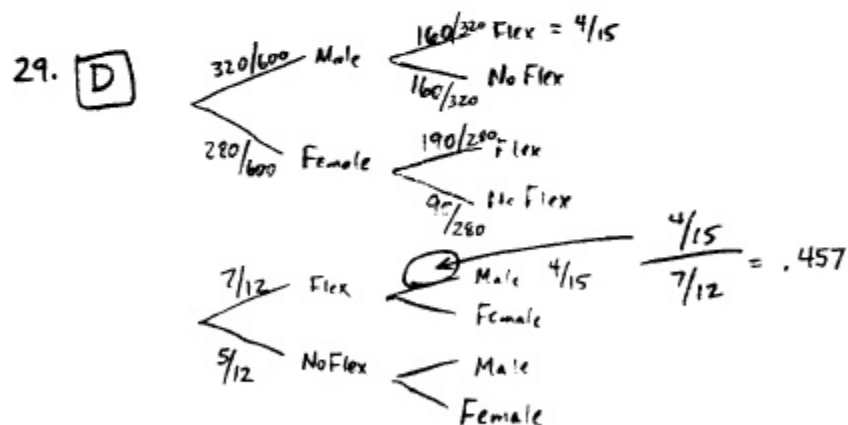
24. **D**  $1 - P(\text{no boys}) = 1 - .5^3 = .875$

25. **A**  $\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{6} + \frac{3}{6} \cdot \frac{6}{8} + \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{6}{8}\right) = \frac{29}{72}$

26. **C** Answer is  $= 25 + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{6} + \frac{3}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{8} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{8} \right) = 19/36$

27. **E**  $1 - P(\text{none solved it})$   
 $1 - (4/5)(5/6)(1/2) = 2/3$

28. **B**   $\frac{\text{Area of } \Delta}{\text{Area of } O} = \frac{(\sqrt{3})(5)/4}{\pi}$   
 $= 3\sqrt{3}/4\pi$



30. **A**  $1 - P(\text{are seated side by side})$   
 $1 - \frac{9 \cdot 2}{10!} = 4/5$